



Republic of Zambia

# The Monthly

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### Foreword

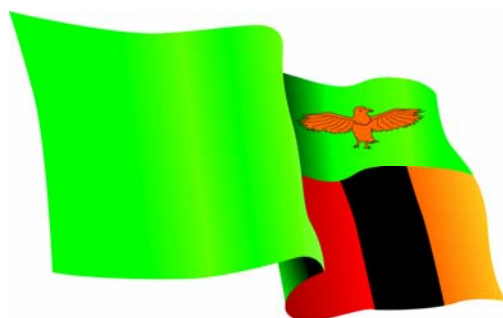
Welcome to the Monthly presentation organised by the Dissemination Branch of the Central Statistical Office (CSO). The CSO embarks on vigorous information delivery strategy to major stakeholders and the media institutions in order to increase utilisation of statistical products and services. The office produces a number of statistical products in the Economic, Social, Agricultural and Environmental areas. The information collected in these areas may be used for various purposes including policy formulation, planning, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of programmes and projects.

This Monthly publication is an attempt to provide highlights of CSO's work and how it can help media institutions and the general public to make use of data and information for sustainable national development and decision-making.

I would like to urge our readers and users of statistical information to send to us any comments that may enhance statistical production and contribute to the improvement of this bulletin.

Ms. Efreda Chulu  
Director of Census and Statistics

29<sup>th</sup> April, 2009



*Serving Your Data Needs*

### *Inside this Issue*

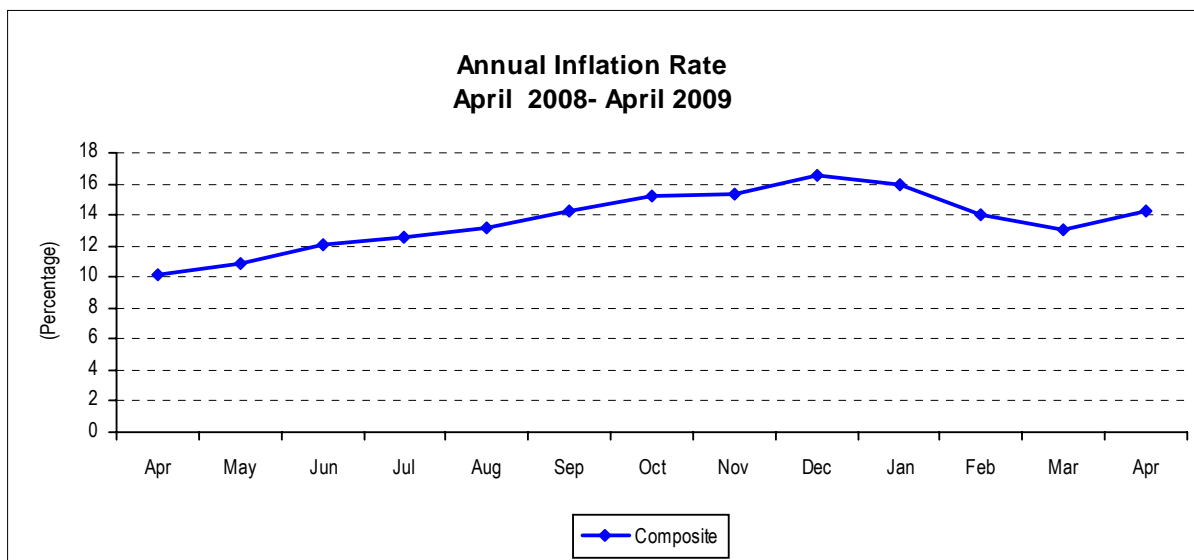
- *Inflation increases from 13.1 percent in March 2009 to 14.3 percent in April 2009*
- *March 2009 records Trade Deficit*
- *About 1 in every 5 adult women is overweight or obese*
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# INFLATION

## ***Inflation increases from 13.1 percent in March 2009 to 14.3 percent in April 2009***

The annual rate of inflation, as measured by the all items Consumer Price Index (CPI), increased by 1.2 percentage points from 13.1 percent in March 2009 to 14.3 percent in April 2009. The increase in the annual inflation rate in April 2009 was mainly due to increases in

the prices of food products such as mealie meal, cereals and cereal products, meat, fish, kapenta, fresh vegetables, dried beans, oils, fats, fresh milk, tea, coffee, sugar, table salt and other processed food products.



### ***Changes in annual inflation rates for CPI Main Groups***

The annual inflation rates between March 2009 and April 2009 increased for food beverages and tobacco, clothing and footwear, transport and communication,

other goods and services and reduced for furniture and household goods, medical care, recreation and education.

**Annual Inflation Rate: CPI Main Groups  
Percent**

	Total	Food And Beverages	Clothing And Footwear	Rent Fuel & Lighting	Furniture and Household Goods	Medical care	Transport and comms	Recreation And Education	Other Goods And Services
Jan 07 – Jan 06	9.8	1.0	34.9	15.1	16.5	24.9	22.8	15.9	11.4
Feb 07 – Feb 06	12.6	4.2	28.3	18.3	20.4	23.7	33.9	15.0	10.4
Mar 07 – Mar 06	12.7	4.9	26.9	15.8	21.6	22.1	33.5	14.9	11.0
Apr 07 – Apr 06	12.4	5.5	23.7	15.7	20.0	18.8	32.4	14.8	7.7
May 07 – May 06	11.8	5.7	18.8	17.1	19.2	16.5	28.2	10.4	7.0
Jun 07 – June 06	11.1	4.8	20.3	18.1	18.1	14.9	24.6	10.6	7.0
Jul 07 –July 06	11.2	6.7	19.4	14.9	17.4	14.0	18.2	10.0	7.7
Aug 07- Aug 06	10.7	7.9	19.6	11.6	15.2	11.6	11.8	10.0	7.5
Sep 07 – Sep 06	9.3	6.2	17.9	11.2	15.5	11.4	9.7	8.1	7.7
Oct 07 – Oct 06	9.0	5.6	14.7	11.8	16.8	10.9	10.3	7.4	6.3
Nov 07 – Nov 06	8.7	5.2	16.3	10.7	15.8	10.2	11.6	7.1	6.7
Dec 07 – Dec 06	8.9	5.9	14.2	11.2	13.4	9.1	13.6	8.2	6.9

	Total	Food And Beverages	Clothing And Footwear	Rent Fuel & Lighting	Furniture and Household Goods	Medical care	Transport and comms	Recreation And Education	Other Goods And Services
Jan 08 – Jan 07	9.3	6.9	12.5	13.4	17.1	8.4	7.7	6.8	7.0
Feb 08 – Feb 07	9.5	9.1	11.1	12.5	16.0	8.9	0.3	9.0	8.4
Mar 08 – Mar 07	9.8	9.1	11.2	12.2	16.1	10.0	1.1	10.3	9.4
Apr 08 – Apr 07	10.1	9.8	11.1	12.7	16.3	12.2	-0.2	11.1	9.4
May 08 – May 07	10.9	11.7	10.5	12.0	14.9	12.4	0.5	11.4	9.5
Jun 08 – June 07	12.1	15.6	9.7	11.4	13.4	12.2	-3.5	10.6	10.4
Jul 08 – Jul 07	12.6	14.2	9.3	14.9	14.2	13.9	4.7	11.0	11.3
Aug 08- Aug 07	13.2	16.3	6.3	14.5	13.3	12.9	5.3	11.2	10.7
Sep 08– Sep 07	14.2	16.2	5.6	17.7	14.8	11.8	11.5	11.5	10.4
Oct 08 – Oct 07	15.2	17.6	4.6	14.9	15.1	11.3	19.2	11.6	12.1
Nov 08 – Nov 07	15.3	18.5	2.7	14.5	16.1	10.3	16.4	12.4	12.5
Dec 08 – Dec 07	16.6	20.5	2.5	15.2	18.0	9.9	15.9	12.1	13.2
Jan 09 – Jan 08	16.0	21.3	3.0	8.9	13.8	9.2	18.3	11.7	15.2
Feb 09 – Feb 08	14.0	16.3	3.9	8.6	16.5	9.6	19.4	9.3	15.4
Mar 09 – Mar 08	13.1	13.9	5.9	10.4	16.3	10.1	19.7	7.9	15.2
Apr 09 – Apr 08	14.3	15.9	6.8	10.4	16.1	8.2	22.0	7.1	17.1

### ***Contributions of different items to overall inflation***

Of the total 14.3 percent annual inflation in April 2009, food products accounted for 7.8 percentage points, while non-food products

accounted for a total of 6.5 percentage points.

Items	Percentage Points Contributions of different items to overall inflation											
	May-08	Jun-08	Jul-08	Aug-08	Sep-08	Oct-08	Nov-08	Dec-08	Jan-09	Feb-09	Mar-09	Apr-09
Food Beverages and Tobacco	5.7	7.5	6.8	7.8	7.8	8.4	8.9	9.9	10.3	8.0	6.8	7.8
Clothing and Footwear	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.6
Rent and household energy	1.4	1.3	1.7	1.6	2.0	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.2
Furniture and Household Goods	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.8
Medical Care	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Transport (fuel, airfares, new motor vehicles)	0.0	-0.3	0.4	0.5	1.0	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.8
Recreation and Education	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.5
Other Goods and Services	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
<b>All Items</b>	<b>10.9</b>	<b>12.1</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>13.2</b>	<b>14.2</b>	<b>15.2</b>	<b>15.3</b>	<b>16.6</b>	<b>16.0</b>	<b>14.0</b>	<b>13.1</b>	<b>14.3</b>

### ***The annual food inflation rate***

The annual food inflation rate was recorded at 15.9 percent in April 2009. This is an increase from 13.9 percent in March 2009. Contributing most to the increase in food inflation were increases in the cost of mealie meal, cereals and cereal products, meat, fish, kapenta, fresh vegetables, dried beans,

oils and fats, fresh milk, tea and coffee, sugar, table salt and other processed food products.

However, reductions were recorded in the cost of tubers and alcoholic drinks.

### ***Non-food inflation***

The annual non-food inflation rate stood at 12.7 percent in April 2009, up from 12.3 percent in March 2009.

#### **Annual Inflation Rates: Food and Non food**

<b>Period</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Food</b>	<b>Non-Food</b>
Jan 06 – Jan 05	12.2	12.8	11.5
Feb 06 - Feb 05	10.3	10.2	10.3
Mar 06 - Mar 05	10.7	10.9	10.4
Apr 06 – Apr 05	9.4	8.3	10.6
May 06 – May 05	8.6	5.6	12.0
Jun 06 - Jun 05	8.5	5.4	11.8
Jul 06 - Jul 05	8.7	4.3	13.6
Aug 06 – Aug 05	8.0	0.4	16.4
Sep 06 – Sep 05	8.2	1.5	15.7
Oct 06 - Oct 05	7.9	1.0	15.4
Nov 06 - Nov 05	8.1	0.8	16.2
Dec06 – Dec 05	8.2	-0.2	18.1
Jan 07 - Jan 06	9.8	1.0	20.0
Feb 07 - Feb 06	12.6	4.2	22.1
Mar 07 - Mar 06	12.7	4.9	21.5
Apr 07 – Apr 06	12.4	5.5	20.1
May 07 – May 06	11.8	5.7	18.2
Jun 07 - Jun 06	11.1	4.8	17.7
Jul 07- Jul 06	11.2	6.7	15.6
Aug 07- Aug 06	10.7	7.9	13.3
Sep 07 – Sep 06	9.3	6.2	12.4
Oct 07- Oct 06	9.0	5.6	12.2
Nov 07- Nov 06	8.7	5.2	12.2
Dec07 – Dec 06	8.9	5.9	11.9
Jan 08 - Jan 07	9.3	6.9	11.7
Feb 08 - Feb 07	9.5	9.1	10.0
Mar 08 - Mar 07	9.8	9.1	10.4
Apr 08- Apr 07	10.1	9.8	10.5
May 08 – May 07	10.9	11.7	10.1
Jun 08 - Jun 07	12.1	15.6	8.8
Jul 08- Jul 07	12.6	14.2	11.2
Aug 08- Aug 07	13.2	16.3	10.4
Sep 08 – Sep 07	14.2	16.2	12.4
Oct 08- Oct 07	15.2	17.6	13.0
Nov 08- Nov 07	15.3	18.5	12.4
Dec 08 – Dec 07	16.6	20.5	12.9
Jan 09 - Jan 08	16.0	21.3	11.1
Feb 08 - Feb 09	14.0	16.3	11.7
Mar 09 - Mar 08	13.1	13.9	12.3
Apr 09- Apr 08	14.3	15.9	12.7

### National Average Prices of Selected Products

A comparison of retail prices between March 2009 and April 2009, shows that the national average price of a 25 kg bag of white breakfast meal increased by 15.5 percent, from K56, 751 to K65, 543, while the national average price of a 25 kg bag of white roller meal increased by 18.6 percent, from K46, 156 to K54, 732. The national average price of 1kg of dried kapenta (Siavonga) increased

by 4.5 percent, from K45,395 to K47,436, while the national average price of 1kg of tomatoes went up by 16.3 percent, from K2,756 to K3,204.

However, the national average price of a 20 litre tin of maize grain declined by 14.5 percent, from K30, 441 to K26, 015.

#### National Average prices for selected Products and Months

Product Description	2008		2009				Percentage Change
	November	December	January	February	March	April	Apr-09/Apr-Mar-09
White breakfast 25Kg	57486	60442	59311	53576	56751	65543	15.5
White Roller 25Kg	48706	50343	49118	43832	46156	54732	18.6
White Maize 20 litre tin	23310	26465	28185	28935	30441	26015	-14.5
Rice Local 1 Kg	5840	6540	6644	6662	7038	6980	-0.8
Rice Imported 1 Kg	24652	22987	21148	23289	23460	24933	6.3
Wheat Plain Flour (NMC)	15880	15950	16455	16641	17949	18726	4.3
Millet 5 litre tin	7574	7496	7936	8668	8428	8353	-0.9
Sorghum 5 litre tin	8358	8969	9015	8787	8319	8025	-3.5
Cassava meal 1Kg	3445	3545	3559	3642	3672	3730	1.6
Cornflakes Kellogs 300 gm	11208	11007	11091	11235	11415	12085	5.9
Rump Steak 1 Kg	24282	24013	24272	23289	23415	23574	0.7
Brisket 1 Kg	17582	17428	17734	17573	18340	18417	0.4
Mince Meat 1 Kg	21461	20885	20944	20742	20858	20878	0.1
Mixed Cut 1 Kg	16118	16192	16421	16313	16457	16858	2.4
T-bone 1 Kg	22438	21931	22049	22158	22999	23261	1.1
Beef Sausages 1 Kg	21437	20850	20564	20857	20996	21857	4.1
Ox-liver 1 Kg	19096	18691	19053	19235	18729	19597	4.6
Offals 1 Kg	9835	9772	10149	10172	10381	10566	1.8
Pork chops 1 Kg	22473	22378	21333	20947	22843	22902	0.3
Dressed chicken 1 Kg	15887	15894	16405	16851	16880	16964	0.5
Bream Fresh/Frozen 1 Kg	13246	13648	13906	13768	13731	14010	2.0
Buka Buka 1 Kg	13242	13258	12687	13003	13013	13345	2.6
Dried Kapenta Mpulungu 1 Kg	41145	44317	46826	45388	46420	47023	1.3
Dried Kapenta Siavonga 1Kg	40910	44328	46290	46549	45395	47436	4.5
Dried Kapenta Chisense 1Kg	29126	31881	39159	37044	25357	26125	3.0
Dried bream 1 Kg	26188	27848	27659	27429	25640	27562	7.5
Eggs 1 Unit	6556	6654	7332	7449	7524	7602	1.0
Cooking oil Imported Any 750ml	8911	8983	9163	9208	9108	9213	1.2
Cabbage 1kg	1484	1593	1737	1692	1583	1586	0.2
Onion 1kg	4442	4693	4908	5689	5054	5535	9.5
Tomatoes 1kg	2647	2882	3089	3107	2756	3204	16.3
Rape 1kg	2097	2498	2484	2200	2237	2629	17.5
Dried beans 1kg	8193	8803	8918	8995	8451	8721	3.2
Irish potatoes 1kg	4094	4469	5069	4710	3463	3673	6.1
Paraffin 1 litre	5290	5350	4074	4074	4163	4163	0.0
Petrol Premium 1 litre	8122	8118	6148	6150	6150	6101	-0.8
Diesel 1 litre	7660	7655	5803	5805	5805	5771	-0.6
Air fare Lusaka/London British Airways 1 Way	5475500	5506787	5506787	6338400	6449600	6338400	-1.7
Air Fare Lusaka/Ndola Zambezi Airlines 1 way	799000	857820	857820	684000	696000	684000	-1.7
Bed & Continental Breakfast 2 star Down to Motel	123752	124625	128360	137035	137024	137031	0.0
Nshima with Beef 2 Star Down to Motel	25269	24950	28574	28715	25532	26166	2.5

# INTERNATIONAL MERCHANDISE TRADE

## March 2009 Records Trade Deficit

During the month of March 2009, Zambia recorded a trade deficit valued at K47.3 billion. This means that the country exported

less in March 2009 than it imported in value terms.

### Total Imports (cif), Exports (fob) and Trade Balance, January to March\* 2009 (K' Millions)

Months	Imports (cif)	Domestic Exports (fob)	Re-Exports (fob)	Total Exports (fob)	Trade Balance
January	1,397,237	1,025,595	96,072	1,121,667	(275,570)
February®	1,291,847	1,074,675	84,497	1,159,172	(132,675)
March	1,302,044	1,195,518	59,235	1,254,753	(47,291)
<b>Total 2008</b>	<b>3,991,128</b>	<b>3,295,788</b>	<b>239,805</b>	<b>3,535,593</b>	<b>(455,535)</b>

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009

Note: (\*) Provisional figures

(R) Revised figures

Trade data are compiled based on the General Trade System

## Zambia's Major Exports Classified by Harmonized Coding System (HS), March 2009

Zambia's major export product in March 2009 was copper and articles thereof accounting for 70.9 percent of Zambia's total export earnings. Other export products worth noting, were: ores, slag and ash (10.7 percent); other base metals; cermets; articles thereof (1.7 percent); salt, sulphur, earth & stone,

plastering, lime, (1.6 percent); and boilers, machinery & mechanical appliances; parts (1.5 percent). These five product categories collectively accounted for 86.4 percent of Zambia's total export earnings for March 2009.

### Zambia's Major Exports by HS Chapter for March 2009 (K' Millions)

Chapter Code	Description	Value (K' Millions)	% Share
74	Copper and articles thereof	888,997	70.9
26	Ores, slag and ash	133,726	10.7
81	Other base metals; cermets; articles thereof	21,656	1.7
25	Salt; sulphur; earth & stone; plastering mat; lime & cement	20,134	1.6
84	Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery & mechanical appliance; parts	18,928	1.5
17	Sugars and sugar confectionery	13,943	1.1
52	Cotton	13,253	1.1
85	Electrical machinery, equipment parts thereof; sound recorder etc	12,885	1.0
28	Inorganic chemical; compounds of prec met, radioactive elements etc	12,269	1.0
71	Natural/cultured pearls, precious stones & metals, coin etc	10,889	0.9
	Other chapters	108,075	8.6
<b>Total:</b>		<b>1,254,753</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009

Note: (\*) Provisional

## Zambia's Major Export Destinations by Products in March 2009

The five major destinations of Zambia's exports during March 2009 were Switzerland, China, Democratic Republic of Congo, South

Africa and the Republic of Korea. These five countries collectively accounted for 70.2 percent of Zambia's total export earnings.

Switzerland was the largest destination for Zambia's export products accounting for 43.8 percent. Major export products were

Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper and Copper ores &

concentrates accounting for 81.6 and 15.8 percent, respectively.

China was the second largest destination of Zambia's exports accounting for 8.9 percent. Major export products were Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper (85.4 percent); Other articles of Cobalt, nes (4.5 percent); and Nickel ores and concentrates (4.4 percent).

Democratic Republic of Congo was the third largest destination of Zambia's exports accounting for 6.3 percent. Major export products were Portland cement (excl. white) (9.7 percent); Screws and bolts of iron or steel, nes (9.7 percent); Wheat or meslin flour (9.6 percent); and Oxygen (6.4 percent).

South Africa was the fourth largest destination of Zambia's exports accounting for 6.0 percent. The major export products were Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension >6mm (28.5 percent); Cotton, not carded or combed (17.5 percent); Electric conductors, nes, for a voltage > 1000 v (11.5 percent); and Copper ores & concentrates (11.0 percent).

Zambia's fifth major export destination was the Republic of Korea accounting for 5.2 percent. The major products were Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper (74.7 percent); Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoiled (24.4 percent); and Zinc ores and concentrates (0.8 percent).

#### Zambia's Five Major Export Destinations by Product for March 2009

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Mar-09*	
		Value (K' Millions)	% Share
<b>SWITZERLAND</b>		<b>549,363</b>	<b>100.0</b>
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	448,106	81.6
26030000	Copper ores and concentrates	86,764	15.8
81059000	Other Articles of cobalt, nes	10,341	1.9
78020000	Lead waste and scrap	3,462	0.6
26131000	Roasted molybdenum ores and concentrates	378	0.1
24012000	Tobacco, partly or wholly stemmed/stripped	151	0.0
73042200	Casting, tubing & drill pipe, used in drilling for oil or. Drill pipe of stainless steel	112	0.0
85286900	Other...nes	50	0.0
68061000	Slag wool, rock wool, etc (incl. intermixtures)	0	0.0
79020000	Zinc waste and scrap	0	0.0
Other Products		0	0.0
<b>% of Total March Exports</b>		<b>43.8</b>	
<b>CHINA</b>		<b>112,097</b>	<b>100.0</b>
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	95,705	85.4
81059000	Other: Articles of cobalt, nes	5,060	4.5
26040000	Nickel ores and concentrates	4,879	4.4
24039900	Other manufactured tobacco, nes	3,274	2.9
26050000	Cobalt ores and concentrates	1,714	1.5
44079900	Wood, nes sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced	438	0.4
26030000	Copper ores and concentrates	388	0.3
24012000	Tobacco, partly or wholly stemmed/stripped	335	0.3
44071000	coniferous wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced	220	0.2
26020000	manganese ores/concentrates(inc.ferruginous),	52	0.0
Other Products		31	0.0
<b>% of Total March Exports</b>		<b>8.9</b>	
<b>CONGO DR</b>		<b>78,922</b>	<b>100.0</b>
25232900	Portland cement (excl. white)	7,656	9.7
73181500	Screws and bolts of iron or steel, nes	7,633	9.7
11010000	Wheat or meslin flour	7,571	9.6
28044000	Oxygen	5,050	6.4
27101110	Motor Spirit	4,508	5.7
25221000	Quicklime	4,312	5.5

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Mar-09*	
		Value (K' Millions)	% Share
28070010	Sulphuric acid; oleum in bulk	3,919	5.0
84314900	Parts of machinery of 84.26, 84.29 and 84.30, nes	2,542	3.2
33029010	Other mixtures with basis of odoriferous subst.	2,446	3.1
19053100	Sweet biscuits.	1,753	2.2
Other Products		31,532	40.0
<b>% of Total March Exports</b>		<b>6.3</b>	
<b>SOUTH AFRICA</b>		<b>75,747</b>	<b>100.0</b>
74081100	Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension >6mm	21,609	28.5
52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	13,253	17.5
85446000	Electric conductors, nes, for a voltage >1000 V	8,744	11.5
26030000	Copper ores and concentrates	8,320	11.0
26050000	Cobalt ores and concentrates	3,247	4.3
84749000	Parts of machinery of 84.74	1,825	2.4
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	1,400	1.8
17049000	Sugar confectionery (incl. white chocolate),	1,299	1.7
23061000	Oil-cake and other solid residues of cotton seeds	912	1.2
74081900	Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional	867	1.1
Other Products		14,272	18.8
<b>% of Total March Exports</b>		<b>6.0</b>	
<b>KOREA</b>		<b>65,632</b>	<b>100.0</b>
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	49,016	74.7
74091900	Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoil	16,010	24.4
26080000	Zinc ores and concentrates	524	0.8
87032390	Vehicles with engine capacity exceeding 1500cc	80	0.1
99030000	single consignment non commercial goods	1	0.0
68061000	Slag wool, rock wool, etc (incl. intermixtures)	0	0.0
01061100	Mammals--Primates	0	0.0
02021000	Frozen bovine carcasses and half carcasses	0	0.0
02022000	Frozen unboned bovine meat (excl. carcasses)	0	0.0
02023000	Frozen boneless bovine meat	0	0.0
Other Products		0	0.0
<b>% of Total March Exports</b>		<b>5.2</b>	
<b>Other Destinations</b>		<b>372,992</b>	<b>29.7</b>
<b>Total Value of March Exports(fob)</b>		<b>1,254,753</b>	

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009

Note: (\*) Provisional

### **Export Market Shares by Regional Groupings, March and February 2009**

The Asian regional grouping was the largest market for Zambia's exports accounting for 27.3 percent in March and 21.3 percent in February 2009. Within Asia, China was the dominant market in both months with 40.5 percent in March and 75.4 percent in February 2009. The Republic of Korea was the second dominant market in March 2009 with 19.1 percent while Pakistan dominated in February 2009 with 8.1 percent. Other notable markets were India, Saudi Arabia and Republic of Thailand.

The Southern African Development Community (SADC) grouping of countries was the second largest market for Zambia's exports accounting for 16.3 percent in March and 17.6 percent in February 2009. Within the SADC region, South Africa was the dominant market in March and February 2009, with 39.5 and 46.3 percent, respectively. It was followed by Congo DR with 38.6 percent in March and 33.6 percent in February 2009. Other key markets were Malawi, Tanzania and Zimbabwe.

The Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA) grouping of countries was the third largest market for Zambia's exports accounting for 12.8 and 12.5 percent in March and February 2009, respectively. Within the COMESA region, the dominant market in March and February 2009 was Congo DR with 49.0 and 47.4 percent, respectively. Egypt was the second dominant market with 26.6 and 25.3 percent in March and February 2009, respectively. Other notable markets include Malawi, Kenya and Zimbabwe.

The European Union (EU) was the fourth largest market for Zambia's exports accounting for 5.0 and 4.6 percent of Zambia's total exports in March and February 2009, respectively. Within the EU, Belgium was the dominant market in March 2009 with 32.9 percent, while the United Kingdom was the dominant market in February 2009, with 35.3 percent. Netherlands was the second dominant market in March 2009 with 25.5 percent while Belgium was the second dominant market in February 2009, with 25.0 percent. Other notable markets were Portugal, Germany and France.

### Export Market Shares by Regional Groupings, March\* and February 2009 (K' Millions)

GROUPING	Mar-09		GROUPING	Feb-09	
	Value (K' Millions)	% Share		Value (K' Millions)	% Share
<b>ASIA</b>	<b>342,872</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>ASIA</b>	<b>246,486</b>	<b>100.0</b>
CHINA	138,976	40.5	CHINA	185,840	75.4
KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	65,632	19.1	PAKISTAN	19,895	8.1
PAKISTAN	58,415	17.0	REPUBLIC OF THAILAND	14,606	5.9
INDIA	40,131	11.7	INDIA	9,682	3.9
SAUDI ARABIA	19,144	5.6	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	9,101	3.7
Other ASIA	20,574	6.0	Other ASIA	7,362	3.0
<b>% of Total March Exports</b>	<b>27.3</b>		<b>% of Total February Exports</b>	<b>21.3</b>	
<b>SADC</b>	<b>204,271</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>SADC</b>	<b>204,213</b>	<b>100.0</b>
SOUTH AFRICA	80,722	39.5	SOUTH AFRICA	94,531	46.3
CONGO DR	78,922	38.6	CONGO DR	68,576	33.6
MALAWI	21,690	10.6	MALAWI	24,099	11.8
TANZANIA, UNITED	9,456	4.6	TANZANIA, UNITED	8,255	4.0
ZIMBABWE	6,387	3.1	ZIMBABWE	3,431	1.7
Other SADC	7,094	3.5	Other SADC	5,320	2.6
<b>% of Total March Exports</b>	<b>16.3</b>		<b>% of Total February Exports</b>	<b>17.6</b>	
<b>COMESA</b>	<b>160,936</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>COMESA</b>	<b>144,633</b>	<b>100.0</b>
CONGO DR	78,922	49.0	CONGO DR	68,576	47.4
EGYPT	42,784	26.6	EGYPT	36,521	25.3
MALAWI	21,690	13.5	MALAWI	24,099	16.7
KENYA	9,871	6.1	KENYA	10,427	7.2
ZIMBABWE	6,387	4.0	ZIMBABWE	3,431	2.4
Other COMESA	1,282	0.8	Other COMESA	1,579	1.1
<b>% of Total March Exports</b>	<b>12.8</b>		<b>% of Total February Exports</b>	<b>12.5</b>	
<b>EUROPEAN UNION</b>	<b>63,068</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>EUROPEAN UNION</b>	<b>53,350</b>	<b>100.0</b>
BELGIUM	20,725	32.9	UNITED KINGDOM	18,829	35.3
NETHERLANDS	16,055	25.5	BELGIUM	13,339	25.0
PORTUGAL	10,484	16.6	NETHERLANDS	13,301	24.9
UNITED KINGDOM	5,933	9.4	FRANCE	3,077	5.8
GERMANY	4,623	7.3	GERMANY	1,826	3.4
Other EU	5,249	8.3	Other EU	2,979	5.6
<b>% of Total March Exports</b>	<b>5.0</b>		<b>% of Total February Exports</b>	<b>4.6</b>	
<b>Total Value of March Exports</b>	<b>1,254,753</b>		<b>Total Value of February Exports</b>	<b>1,159,172</b>	

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009

(\* Provisional Figures)

Note: Some countries are members of both SADC and COMESA

## **Zambia's Major Imports by Standard International Trade Classification (SITC) for March and February 2009**

The total value of imports in March 2009 was valued at K 1,302.0 billion compared to K 1,291.8 billion in February 2009. The most prominent imports were machinery and transport equipment, which accounted for 37.4 and 39.0 percent in March and February 2009, respectively. Other notable imports

were: chemicals; manufactured goods classified chiefly by material; miscellaneous manufactured articles and crude materials, (excl fuels) which collectively accounted for 51.4 percent in March and 44.9 percent in February 2009.

### **Total Imports by Standard International Trade Classification (SITC) sections, March and February 2009\* (K 'Millions)**

Code	Description	Mar - 09		Feb - 09	
		Value (K'Millions)	% Share	Value (K'Millions)	% Share
0	Food and live animals	57,054	4.4	59,827	4.6
1	Beverages and tobacco	10,349	0.8	7,707	0.6
2	Crude materials, (excl fuels)	93,706	7.2	123,720	9.6
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials	35,545	2.7	104,141	8.1
4	Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes	38,912	3.0	33,522	2.6
5	Chemicals	264,572	20.3	213,147	16.5
6	Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material	193,062	14.8	173,183	13.4
7	<b>Machinery and transport equipment</b>	<b>486,889</b>	<b>37.4</b>	<b>504,125</b>	<b>39.0</b>
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles	118,021	9.1	70,141	5.4
9	Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC	3,934	0.3	2,333	0.2
<b>Total:</b>		<b>1,302,044</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,291,847</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009;

Note: (\*) Provisional

## **Zambia's Major Imports by the Harmonised Coding System (HS) in March 2009**

Zambia's major import products in March 2009 were machinery and mechanical appliances accounting for 17.6 percent. Other import products were vehicles o/t

railway/tranw rool-stock; electrical machinery equipment parts thereof; fertilizers; pharmaceutical products; and ores, slag and ash accounting for 35.2 percent.

### **Zambia's Major Imports by HS Chapters for March\* 2009, K' Millions**

Chapter Code	Product Description	Value (K'Millions)	% Share
84	Nuclear reactors, boilers, mchy & mech appliance; parts	228,730	17.6
	<i>Of which:</i>		
	<i>Parts of machinery of 84.26, 84.29 and 84.30, nes</i>	13,799	6.0
	<i>Parts of machinery of 84.74</i>	13,735	6.0
	<i>Pumps for liquids, nes</i>	11,416	5.0
	<i>Sorting, screening, separating or washing machines for earth, stone...</i>	7,500	3.3
	<i>Machinery and apparatus for filtering/purifying</i>	7,112	3.1
	<i>Bakery machinery and machinery for making macaroni, spaghetti, etc</i>	6,982	3.1
	<i>Parts of machines having individual functions, nes</i>	5,810	2.5
	<i>Parts for boring or sinking machinery of subheading</i>	5,256	2.3
	<i>Crushing or grinding machines for earth, stone, ores, etc</i>	5,212	2.3
	<i>Machinery for milling or working cereals or dried vegetables</i>	4,762	2.1
	<i>Rest of Chapter</i>	147,146	64.3
87	Vehicles o/t railw/tranw rool-stock, pts & accessories	141,626	10.9
85	Electrical mchy equip parts thereof; sound recorder etc	108,994	8.4
31	Fertilisers	78,072	6.0
30	Pharmaceutical products	66,993	5.1
26	Ores, slag and ash	62,531	4.8
73	Articles of iron and steel	47,365	3.6
15	Animal/veg fats & oil & their cleavage products; etc	41,282	3.2
49	Printed books, newspapers, pictures & other product etc	40,755	3.1
39	Plastics and articles thereof	39,674	3.0
	Other chapters	446,021	34.3
<b>Total:</b>		<b>1,302,044</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009;

Note: (\*) Provisional

### Zambia's Major Import Sources by Products, March 2009

The major source of Zambia's imports in March 2009 was South Africa accounting for 47.3 percent of the total value of imports. The major import products from South Africa were Potassium Chloride; Crude palm oil; Other fertilizers; Diesel dual purpose vehicles for both persons & goods and Tower & lattice masts of iron or steel.

The second main source of Zambia's imports in March 2009 was China accounting for 8.4 percent. The major import products were

Telephones for cellular networks or for other wireless networks; Urea; Co-axial cable and other co-axial electric conduct; Instruments for measuring length, for use in the hand and Goods vehicles, with diesel or semi-diesel engines.

Other notable sources of Zambia's imports were Congo DR, United Kingdom and India which collectively accounted for 16.7 percent of Zambia's total imports in March 2009.

Zambia's Major Import Sources by Products, March\* 2009 (K' Millions)

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Mar-09	
		Value (K' Millions)	% Share
<b>SOUTH AFRICA</b>		<b>616,465</b>	<b>100.0</b>
31042000	Potassium chloride	20,393	3.3
15111000	Crude palm oil	19,889	3.2
31059000	Other fertilizers, nes	19,343	3.1
87042110	Diesel Dual purpose vehicles for both persons & goods	12,551	2.0
73082000	Towers and lattice masts of iron or steel	11,344	1.8
25030000	Sulphur of all kinds (excl. sublimed, precipitated)	10,649	1.7
84749000	Parts of machinery of 84.74	9,293	1.5
87042190	Diesel Non dual purpose vehicles for either persons and goods	9,081	1.5
30049000	Other medicaments of mixed or unmixed products,	9,000	1.5
87163900	Trailers and semi-trailers for the transport of goods	8,690	1.4
Other Products		486,231	78.9
<b>% of Total March Imports</b>		<b>47.3</b>	
<b>CHINA</b>		<b>109,946</b>	<b>100.0</b>
85171200	Telephones for cellular networks or for other wireless networks	14,430	13.1
31021000	Urea	11,682	10.6
85442000	Co-axial cable and other co-axial electric conduct	8,205	7.5
90178000	Instruments for measuring length	5,324	4.8
87042300	Goods vehicles, with diesel or semi-diesel engines	4,637	4.2
84542000	Ingot moulds, ladles used in metallurgy or in metal foundries	4,009	3.6
87059000	Special purpose motor vehicles, nes	3,175	2.9
90283000	Electricity meters	2,632	2.4
86029000	Rail locomotives, nes; locomotive tenders	2,319	2.1
84302000	Snow-ploughs and snow-blowers	1,927	1.8
Other Products		51,608	46.9
<b>% of Total March Imports</b>		<b>8.4</b>	
<b>CONGO DR</b>		<b>81,097</b>	<b>100.0</b>
26030000	Copper ores and concentrates	59,048	72.8
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	17,215	21.2
26050000	Cobalt ores and concentrates	3,425	4.2
84304900	Boring or sinking machinery (excl. self-propelled)	736	0.9
33049900	Beauty, make-up, skin-care (incl. suntan), nes	162	0.2
72166900	ANGLES, SHAPES.. OF IRON/STEEL, NOT FURTHER WORKED THN COLDFORMD/FINISHED NES	112	0.1
84749000	Parts of machinery of 84.74	87	0.1
72142090	Iron/steel bars & rods, hotrolled, twiste/with deformtns from rolling proc. - Other	62	0.1
84138100	Pumps for liquids, nes	41	0.1
86090000	Containers specially designed for transport by one	41	0.1
Other Products		167	0.2
<b>% of Total March Imports</b>		<b>6.2</b>	

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Mar-09	
		Value (K' Millions)	% Share
<b>UNITED KINGDOM</b>		<b>76,058</b>	<b>100.0</b>
49070020	New stamps; stamp-impressed paper; cheque forms; b	15,192	20.0
30049000	Other medicaments of mixed or unmixed products, fo	14,510	19.1
90189000	Instruments and apparatus, nes, for medical, surgical... sciences	6,746	8.9
30039000	Other medicaments with >=2 constituents, not for r	4,665	6.1
87041000	Dumpers for off-highway use	4,115	5.4
28331110	Disodium Sulphate in bulk	3,096	4.1
87089900	Parts and accessories, nes, for vehicles of 87.01	2,285	3.0
49019900	Printed books, brochures, leaflets and similar pri	1,834	2.4
87012000	Road tractors for semi-trailers	1,679	2.2
87042300	Goods vehicles, with diesel or semi-diesel engines	1,562	2.1
Other Products		20,375	26.8
<b>% of Total March Imports</b>		<b>5.8</b>	
<b>INDIA</b>		<b>61,497</b>	<b>100.0</b>
30049000	Other medicaments of mixed or unmixed products, fo	20,168	32.8
84742000	Crushing or grinding machines for earth, stone, ores, etc	3,874	6.3
39073019	Other Epoxide resins	3,303	5.4
84283900	Continuous-action elevators and conveyors, nes	3,058	5.0
30039000	Other medicaments with >=2 constituents, not for r	1,844	3.0
84771000	Injection-moulding machines for working rubber or plastics, etc	1,633	2.7
84778000	Machinery for working rubber/plastics or making products thereof, nes	1,462	2.4
39206310	Plates..., of unsaturated polyesters, not reinforc	1,289	2.1
85042100	Liquid dielectric transformers, power handling cap	1,166	1.9
30032000	Medicaments of other antibiotics, not for retail s	1,087	1.8
Other Products		22,614	36.8
<b>% of Total March Imports</b>		<b>4.7</b>	
<b>Other Destination</b>		<b>356,981</b>	<b>27.4</b>
<b>Total Value of March Imports</b>		<b>1,302,044</b>	

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009;

Note: (\*) Provisional

### **Import Market Shares by Regional Groupings, March and February 2009**

The Southern African Development Community (SADC) region was the largest source of Zambia's imports accounting for 58.0 and 52.0 percent in March and February 2009, respectively. Within the SADC region, South Africa was the major source of Zambia's imports accounting for 81.7 and 78.5 percent in March and February 2009, respectively. Other key market sources were Congo DR, Zimbabwe, Botswana, Tanzania and Mozambique.

The Asian market was the second largest source of Zambia's imports accounting for 21.0 in March and 26.8 percent in February 2009. Within the Asian market, China was the dominant market in March and February 2009 with 40.2 and 22.4 percent, respectively. Other key market sources were India, Japan, United Arab Emirates, Hong Kong and Kuwait.

The European Union (EU) was the third largest source of Zambia's imports with 14.2 and 15.1 percent in March and February 2009, respectively. Within the EU, the dominant source in both months was the United Kingdom accounting for 41.0 and 24.8 percent in March and February 2009, respectively. Other key market sources were Germany, Sweden, Finland, Cyprus, France and The Netherlands.

The Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA) grouping of countries was the fourth largest source of Zambia's imports accounting for 12.2 and 11.9 percent in March and February 2009, respectively. Within COMESA, Congo DR was the main source of Zambia's imports with 51.2 and 62.4 percent in March and February 2009, respectively. Other notable sources were Kenya, Zimbabwe, Egypt, Swaziland and Malawi.

## Import Market shares by major regional groupings, March and February 2009 (K' million)

GROUPING	Mar-09*		GROUPING	Feb-09	
	Value (K'Millions)	% Share		Value (K'Millions)	% Share
<b>SADC</b>	<b>754,723</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>SADC</b>	<b>672,402</b>	<b>100.0</b>
SOUTH AFRICA	616,465	81.7	SOUTH AFRICA	527,944	78.5
CONGO DR	81,153	10.8	CONGO DR	96,290	14.3
ZIMBABWE	25,398	3.4	ZIMBABWE	15,822	2.4
BOTSWANA	7,768	1.0	MOZAMBIQUE	10,139	1.5
TANZANIA, UNITED	7,115	0.9	BOTSWANA	7,266	1.1
Other SADC	16,824	2.2	Other SADC	14,941	2.2
<b>% of Total March Imports</b>	<b>58.0</b>		<b>% of Total February Imports</b>	<b>52.0</b>	
<b>ASIA</b>	<b>273,340</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>ASIA</b>	<b>346,739</b>	<b>100.0</b>
CHINA	109,946	40.2	CHINA	77,500	22.4
INDIA	61,576	22.5	KUWAIT	67,026	19.3
JAPAN	32,424	11.9	INDIA	59,404	17.1
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	24,882	9.1	UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	40,341	11.6
HONG KONG	10,609	3.9	JAPAN	35,965	10.4
Other ASIA	33,904	12.4	Other ASIA	66,504	19.2
<b>% of Total March Imports</b>	<b>21.0</b>		<b>% of Total February Imports</b>	<b>26.8</b>	
<b>EUROPEAN UNION</b>	<b>185,529</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>EUROPEAN UNION</b>	<b>194,762</b>	<b>100.0</b>
UNITED KINGDOM	76,058	41.0	UNITED KINGDOM	48,206	24.8
GERMANY	24,888	13.4	SWEDEN	35,935	18.5
FINLAND	14,932	8.0	NETHERLANDS	24,413	12.5
FRANCE	13,493	7.3	CYPRUS	17,507	9.0
NETHERLANDS	12,524	6.8	FINLAND	14,689	7.5
Other EU	43,634	23.5	Other EU	54,012	27.7
<b>% of Total March Imports</b>	<b>14.2</b>		<b>% of Total February Imports</b>	<b>15.1</b>	
<b>COMESA</b>	<b>158,410</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>COMESA</b>	<b>154,219</b>	<b>100.0</b>
CONGO DR	81,153	51.2	CONGO DR	96,290	62.4
KENYA	32,961	20.8	KENYA	23,346	15.1
ZIMBABWE	25,398	16.0	ZIMBABWE	15,822	10.3
EGYPT	10,386	6.6	EGYPT	13,639	8.8
SWAZILAND	3,429	2.2	MALAWI	2,299	1.5
Other COMESA	5,084	3.2	Other COMESA	2,823	1.8
<b>% of Total March Imports</b>	<b>12.2</b>		<b>% of Total February Imports</b>	<b>11.9</b>	
<b>Total Value of March Imports</b>	<b>1,302,044</b>		<b>Total Value of February Imports</b>	<b>1,291,847</b>	

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009;

(\*) Provisional

Note: Some countries are members of both SADC and COMESA

## DEMOGRAPHY

### About 1 in every 5 adult women is overweight or obese

The 2007 Zambia Demographic Health Survey (ZDHS) results indicate that 71 percent of women aged 15-49 years have a normal Body Mass Index (BMI). Normal BMI is between 18.5 and 25. One in ten women (10 percent) are undernourished or thin and 19 percent are overweight or obese. The results further show that younger women are more likely to be undernourished than older women. Fifteen percent of women in the age group 15-19 years are undernourished compared to those in the age group 40-49 years with 7.3 percent.

Analysis by residence shows that the proportion of overweight or obese women is higher in urban areas (30 percent) than in

rural areas (11 percent). More women in rural areas (11 percent) are more undernourished (BMI <18.5) than those in urban areas (8 percent).

At provincial level, Lusaka had the highest proportion of overweight or obese women (34 percent) while Central had the second highest proportion with 25 percent. Western Province had the least proportion of overweight or obese women with 7 percent. With regard to undernourishment, Western and North-Western provinces had the highest proportion of undernourished women with 14 percent each. Copperbelt Province had the least proportion of undernourished women with 7 percent.

#### Among women age 15-49, the percentage with height under 145 cm, mean body mass index (BMI), and the percentage with specific BMI levels, by age, residence and province, Zambia 2007

Background characteristic	Height		Body Mass Index								
	Percentage below 145 cm	Number of women	Mean Body Mass Index (BMI)	18.5-24.9 (Total normal)	<18.5 (Total thin)	17.0-18.4 (Mildly thin)	<17 (Moderately and severely thin)	>=25.0 (Total overweight or obese)	25.0-29.9 (Overweight)	>=30.0 (Obese)	Number of women
<b>Age</b>											
15-19	5.1	1,537	21.2	77.2	14.6	10.4	4.3	8.2	7.0	1.1	1,389
20-29	2.6	2,692	22.3	75.4	8.4	6.5	1.9	16.2	12.8	3.4	2,205
30-39	1.2	1,773	23.2	66.3	8.1	5.7	2.4	25.6	18.5	7.2	1,493
40-49	1.1	1,024	24.0	60.9	7.3	5.5	1.9	31.8	18.4	13.3	998
<b>Residence</b>											
Urban	1.7	2,957	23.7	62.8	7.5	5.3	2.2	29.6	19.9	9.7	2,673
Rural	3.3	4,069	21.6	77.7	11.2	8.3	2.9	11.1	9.0	2.1	3,411
<b>Province</b>											
Central	2.0	644	22.2	74.6	9.3	6.7	2.7	16.1	13.4	2.7	563
Copperbelt	1.7	1,240	23.5	67.3	7.4	5.1	2.3	25.3	14.8	10.5	1,109
Eastern	3.0	960	22.2	79.0	6.6	5.2	1.4	14.4	12.2	2.2	829
Luapula	4.5	522	21.5	76.9	13.4	9.2	4.2	9.7	7.5	2.2	421
Lusaka	1.8	1,147	23.9	58.6	7.8	5.8	2.0	33.6	23.4	10.2	1,025
Northern	4.9	943	21.6	75.3	13.1	9.6	3.5	11.6	9.4	2.2	797
N/Western	2.3	362	21.5	73.3	14.0	10.4	3.6	12.7	10.9	1.7	305
Southern	1.2	719	22.7	70.1	8.2	6.1	2.1	21.7	15.7	6.0	621
Western	2.5	489	21.1	79.0	14.3	10.9	3.4	6.7	5.0	1.7	416
<b>Total</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>7,026</b>	<b>22.5</b>	<b>71.2</b>	<b>9.6</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>13.8</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>6,085</b>

**Note:** The Body Mass Index (BMI) is expressed as the ratio of weight in kilograms to the square of height in meters (kg/m<sup>2</sup>).

<sup>1</sup> Excludes pregnant women and women with a birth in the preceding 2 months

Source: 2007 Zambia Demographic Health Survey

The results further reveal that women with no education are more likely to be undernourished (12 percent) than those with more than secondary level education (6 percent).

Among women age 15-49, the percentage with height under 145 cm, mean body mass index (BMI), and the percentage with specific BMI levels, by background characteristics, Zambia 2007

Background characteristic	Height		Body Mass Index								
	Percentage below 145 cm	Number of women	Mean Body Mass Index (BMI)	18.5-24.9 (Total normal)	<18.5 (Total thin)	17.0-18.4 (Mildly thin)	<17 (Moderately and severely thin)	>=25.0 (Total overweight or obese)	25.0-29.9 (Overweight)	>=30.0 (Obese)	Number of women
<b>Education</b>											
No education	3.2	732	21.6	78.2	11.6	8.5	3.2	10.1	7.9	2.2	628
Primary	3.3	3,813	22.2	72.7	10.7	7.9	2.7	16.7	12.2	4.5	3,221
Secondary	1.3	2,114	22.9	70.6	7.7	5.5	2.2	21.7	15.5	6.2	1,900
More than secondary	1.0	367	25.4	47.6	5.9	4.3	1.7	46.5	29.8	16.7	336
<b>Wealth quintile</b>											
Lowest	4.1	1,229	21.3	81.7	10.6	8.0	2.7	7.7	6.8	0.9	1,022
Second	3.2	1,253	21.4	78.2	12.7	9.8	2.9	9.1	8.4	0.7	1,058
Middle	3.0	1,258	21.7	77.1	11.5	8.5	3.0	11.4	9.0	2.4	1,043
Fourth	1.9	1,534	22.9	68.9	8.3	5.5	2.8	22.8	16.9	5.9	1,349
Highest	1.4	1,752	24.3	58.1	6.7	4.9	1.8	35.2	22.2	13.0	1,613
<b>Total</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>7,026</b>	<b>22.5</b>	<b>71.2</b>	<b>9.6</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>13.8</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>6,085</b>

Note: The Body Mass Index (BMI) is expressed as the ratio of weight in kilograms to the square of height in meters (kg/m<sup>2</sup>).

<sup>1</sup> Excludes pregnant women and women with a birth in the preceding 2 months

## LAYMAN & STATISTICS

**Domestic Exports:** These are goods originating from the exporting countries.

**Re-exports:** This refers to goods imported into the country and then exported in the same form or after minor improvements. For example, blending, packing and repairing.

**Trade Surplus:** this is a situation where a country is exporting more than it is importing.

**SITC:** Stands for Standard International Trade Classification. It is a trade statistical nomenclature mainly used in trade statistical analysis.

**The body mass index (BMI), or the Quetelet index,** is used to measure thinness or obesity. BMI is defined as weight in kilograms divided by height squared in meters (kg/m<sup>2</sup>). A cut-off point of 18.5 is used to define thinness or acute under-nutrition and a BMI of 25.0 or above usually indicates overweight or obesity. The height of a woman is associated with past socio-economic status and nutrition during childhood and adolescence. Low pre-pregnancy BMI and short stature are risk factors for poor birth outcomes and obstetric complications.

## SELECTED SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS

### GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) 2000-2008

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008*
Total GDP at Current Prices (K'Billion)	10,071.9	13,132.7	16,260.4	20,479.2	25,916.8	31,944.6	38,464.1	46,194.8	55,501.1
Total GDP at Constant 1994 Prices (K'Billion)	2,499.0	2,621.3	2,707.9	2,846.5	3,000.1	3,160.3	3,356.8	3,564.0	3,776.7
GDP per capita at Current Prices	1,028,587	1,301,621	1,562,085	1,906,038	2,337,020	2,792,006	3,260,038	3,798,753	4,430,948
GDP per capita at Constant 1994 Prices	255,213	259,806	260,138	264,930	270,528	276,215	284,507	293,080	301,511
GDP Growth rate at Constant 1994 Prices	3.6	4.9	3.3	5.1	5.4	5.3	6.2	6.2	6.0

### PERCENTAGE CHANGES IN G.D.P. BY KIND OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY - CONSTANT 1994 PRICES

KIND OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008*
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	1.6	(2.6)	(1.7)	5.0	4.3	(0.6)	2.2	0.4	(0.1)
Agriculture	1.0	(6.0)	(6.3)	8.0	6.1	(4.0)	3.0	(2.7)	(4.0)
Forestry	4.0	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	3.6	1.4	3.7	3.7
Fishing	(1.0)	(5.0)	(0.7)	(0.7)	(0.7)	0.5	1.8	1.8	1.8
Mining and Quarrying	0.1	14.0	16.4	3.4	13.9	7.9	7.3	3.6	5.9
Metal Mining	(0.3)	15.0	17.1	3.3	13.5	7.1	9.0	4.4	6.0
Other mining and quarrying	13.3	(15.0)	(13.0)	10.7	35.8	42.9	(45.8)	(45.5)	0.3
<i>PRIMARY SECTOR</i>	1.1	1.9	3.8	4.5	7.5	2.5	4.1	1.7	2.3
Manufacturing	3.6	4.2	5.7	7.6	4.7	2.9	5.7	3.0	3.6
Food, Beverages and Tobacco	0.6	5.3	5.4	8.6	5.8	3.6	8.9	7.6	4.5
Textile, and leather industries	2.2	2.3	6.2	3.2	(1.9)	(2.9)	(1.3)	(19.5)	(16.7)
Wood and wood products	(0.3)	5.7	7.5	11.4	4.2	3.6	0.7	3.7	13.5
Paper and Paper products	(1.3)	3.8	2.2	8.2	2.5	10.6	0.3	0.7	25.4
Chemicals, rubber and plastic products	41.2	4.3	10.0	4.9	8.5	3.2	4.6	4.2	6.3
Non-metallic mineral products	4.5	3.5	1.7	14.9	14.4	7.4	(5.2)	2.3	3.3
Basic metal products	4.3	(18.0)	4.3	15.1	3.1	(2.0)	1.9	(4.8)	30.5
Fabricated metal products	11.3	(8.0)	(4.0)	5.3	4.8	7.4	5.0	7.8	(2.8)
Electricity, Gas and Water	1.2	12.6	(5.2)	0.4	(1.7)	5.4	10.5	1.0	(1.2)
Construction	6.5	11.5	17.4	21.6	20.5	21.2	14.4	20.0	9.9
<i>SECONDARY SECTOR</i>	4.0	7.5	7.2	10.8	9.1	10.0	9.8	10.0	6.0
Wholesale and Retail trade	2.3	5.4	5.0	6.1	5.0	2.4	2.0	2.4	2.6
Restaurants, Bars and Hotels	12.3	24.4	4.9	6.9	6.4	11.7	16.1	9.6	5.7
Transport, Storage and Communications	2.4	2.8	1.8	4.8	6.4	11.0	22.1	19.2	15.8
Rail Transport	3.6	7.6	6.0	(8.1)	(1.8)	(11.6)	(2.6)	(18.7)	(20.2)
Road Transport	1.9	0.5	1.9	3.9	4.2	6.3	6.4	6.4	13.2
Air Transport	6.3	10.6	(8.4)	3.9	18.1	10.8	33.5	24.1	13.7
Communications	0.6	0.6	7.9	10.0	5.0	23.2	40.5	33.6	21.1
Financial Institutions and Insurance	(0.6)	0.1	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.3	4.0	4.1	5.4
Real Estate and Business services	17.0	3.5	4.4	4.0	4.0	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1

KIND OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008*
Community, Social and Personal Services	(0.5)	5.8	1.6	1.6	0.6	11.4	9.0	12.5	14.5
Public Administration & Defence/Public sanitary services	(0.7)	1.0	(1.0)	0.2	0.2	6.2	(8.7)	14.8	3.4
Education	(0.7)	13.5	7.0	3.0	0.3	22.2	35.3	13.6	24.4
Health	(0.7)	16.5	1.0	2.5	(0.8)	(2.2)	5.2	1.0	19.5
Recreation, Religious,Culture	(0.7)	10.0	(2.0)	4.5	4.3	34.1	22.8	9.3	32.2
Personal Services	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
<b>TERTIARY SECTOR</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>7.2</b>
Less: FISIM	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
<b>TOTAL GROSS VALUE ADDED</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>6.0</b>
Taxes less subsidies on Products	4.6	7.0	(6.7)	(2.7)	(2.7)	(0.1)	(3.1)	(0.3)	6.0
<b>TOTAL G.D.P. AT MARKET PRICES</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>6.0</b>

Source: CSO, National Accounts Statistics

\*Revised estimates

INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, 2006 TO 2008 Q2 (2000=100)

PERIOD	TOTAL INDEX	MINING				MANUFACTURING									TOTAL ELECTRICITY
		TOTAL MINING	Coal	Non-ferrous Ore	Stone Quarrying	TOTAL MANUFACTURING	Food, Beverages & Tobacco	Textile, Clothing & Leather	Wood & Wood Products	Paper & Paper Products	Chemicals, Rubbers & Plastics	Non-metallic Mineral Products	Basic Metal Industries	Fabricated Metal Products	
WEIGHT	1.000	0.350	0.005	0.242	0.103	0.511	0.235	0.060	0.006	0.017	0.059	0.025	0.009	0.100	0.139
2000	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2006 Q1*	147.8	214.3	35.4	217.0	215.9	108.0	126.8	62.9	166.6	93.3	111.0	139.1	66.2	83.8	126.7
2006 Q2*	144.8	194.4	58.9	209.0	166.2	115.0	144.8	46.8	164.1	91.8	87.6	163.6	62.3	95.3	129.6
2006 Q1+Q2	146.3	204.4	47.2	213.0	191.0	111.5	135.8	54.9	165.3	92.5	99.3	151.4	64.2	89.6	128.1
2006 Q3	143.9	179.9	45.6	176.2	194.5	125.7	162.5	55.7	156.5	72.6	96.6	150.2	74.2	103.8	120.3
2006 Q4	142.4	158.3	9.5	150.3	183.7	137.5	185.4	98.0	157.2	91.2	69.7	143.9	70.9	99.1	120.7
2006	144.7	186.7	37.4	188.1	190.1	121.5	154.9	65.9	161.1	87.2	91.2	149.2	68.4	95.5	124.3
2007 Q1*	147.3	206.9	8.5	196.6	239.8	111.3	129.0	61.1	176.4	92.4	116.6	146.8	64.5	91.0	129.5
2007 Q2*	153.4	211.5	10.5	200.5	246.4	121.4	162.1	42.4	171.6	92.7	95.4	161.0	61.1	85.6	125.1
2007 Q1+Q2	143.4	189.2	9.5	198.5	243.1	116.4	145.6	51.7	174.0	92.6	106.0	153.9	62.8	88.3	127.3
2007 Q3*	151.9	191.2	6.0	196.9	186.2	133.7	178.3	33.1	164.6	69.2	96.2	153.3	67.2	121.3	119.5
2007 Q4*	159.5	195.8	8.3	191.4	214.5	143.8	197.1	75.6	155.3	96.9	72.0	149.6	67.8	114.1	126.2
2007	152.5	202.9	8.6	196.8	226.0	125.3	162.4	52.8	168.4	88.8	97.2	152.9	64.7	100.0	125.5
2008 Q1*	160.5	243.7	7.4	228.7	289.4	112.0	131.9	52.3	205.3	107.4	121.7	128.4	80.2	88.8	129.5
2008 Q2**	159.6	219.3	0.0	196.8	281.9	127.5	176.2	36.0	216.8	123.1	92.8	156.9	86.6	79.6	127.4
2008 Q1+Q2	153.4	212.5	3.7	212.8	285.6	119.7	154.0	44.2	211.0	115.3	107.3	142.7	83.4	84.2	128.5
YEAR-ON-YEAR PERCENTAGE CHANGES e.g. Q2 2007/Q2 2006															
2007 Q1	(0.3)	(3.5)	(76.0)	(9.4)	11.1	3.1	1.8	(3.0)	5.9	(0.9)	5.0	5.5	(2.6)	8.5	2.3
2007 Q2	6.0	8.8	(82.2)	(4.1)	48.3	5.6	12.0	(9.4)	4.6	1.0	8.9	(1.6)	(1.9)	(10.2)	(3.4)
2007 Q1+Q2	(2.0)	(7.4)	(79.9)	(6.8)	27.3	4.4	7.2	(5.7)	5.2	0.0	6.7	1.7	(2.2)	(1.4)	(0.6)
2007 Q3	5.5	6.3	(86.8)	11.7	(4.2)	6.4	9.7	(40.6)	5.2	(4.6)	(0.4)	2.1	(9.5)	16.9	(0.7)
2007 Q4	12.0	23.7	(12.8)	27.3	16.7	4.6	6.3	(22.9)	(1.2)	6.2	3.3	4.0	(4.4)	15.1	4.6
2007	5.4	8.7	(77.1)	4.6	18.9	3.1	4.9	(19.9)	4.5	1.8	6.6	2.5	(5.5)	4.8	1.0
2008 Q1	9.0	17.8	(12.8)	16.3	20.7	0.6	2.2	(14.3)	16.4	16.3	4.4	(12.5)	24.3	(2.4)	(0.1)
*2008 Q2	4.0	3.7	(99.7)	(1.8)	14.4	5.0	8.7	(15.0)	26.4	32.8	(2.8)	(2.5)	41.8	(7.0)	1.8
*2008 Q1+Q2	7.0	12.4	(58.0)	7.2	17.5	2.9	5.8	(14.6)	21.3	24.5	1.2	(7.3)	32.8	(4.6)	0.9

Source: Index of Industrial Production, CSO

Note: \* Revised

\*\* Preliminary

## PROJECTED MID-YEAR POPULATION 2000-2009

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Total Population	9,885,591	10,089,492	10,409,441	10,744,380	11,089,691	11,441,461	11,798,678	12,160,516	12,525,791	12,896,830
Population Growth Rate	2.5	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9
Life Expectancy at Birth	50.0	51.8	51.9	52.4	52.4	52.6	51.9	51.4	51.3	51.2
<b>POPULATION BY PROVINCE</b>										
Central	1,012,257	1,032,574	1,066,992	1,103,387	1,141,256	1,180,124	1,219,980	1,260,491	1,301,776	1,343,835
Copperbelt	1,581,221	1,611,569	1,662,155	1,714,225	1,767,165	1,820,443	1,874,081	1,927,576	1,980,824	2,034,012
Eastern	1,306,173	1,348,070	1,391,690	1,436,120	1,482,290	1,530,118	1,579,960	1,631,890	1,684,910	1,740,180
Luapula	775,353	791,067	817,326	845,076	873,969	903,746	934,317	965,605	997,579	1,030,572
Lusaka	1,391,329	1,413,010	1,453,690	1,495,730	1,538,000	1,579,769	1,620,730	1,660,070	1,697,730	1,733,830
Northern	1,258,696	1,277,250	1,315,650	1,357,540	1,401,340	1,445,730	1,490,330	1,534,170	1,577,310	1,619,980
North-western	583,350	596,010	616,496	638,004	660,322	683,367	707,074	731,351	756,261	781,800
Southern	1,212,124	1,235,134	1,275,470	1,318,161	1,362,382	1,407,433	1,453,324	1,499,462	1,545,880	1,592,864
Western	765,088	774,929	795,247	816,983	839,757	863,294	887,540	912,226	937,419	963,107
<b>Zambia Surface Area</b>	752,612 Sq.Km									

Source: C.S.O., Population Projections Report

Note: 2000 figures are from the 2000 Census of Population and Housing while the 2001 to 2009 figures are the Population Projections Report

## POVERTY TRENDS 1991-2006

Residence/Province	Indicators	1991	1993	1996	1998	2004	2006*
Total Zambia	<b>Total Poor</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>64</b>
	Extremely Poor	61	76	66	58	53	51
	Moderately Poor	10	8	12	15	15	14
	Non-Poor	29	16	22	27	32	32
Rural areas	<b>Total Poor</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>80</b>
	Extremely Poor	78	89	79	71	65	67
	Moderately Poor	6	4	10	12	13	14
	Non-Poor	15	8	11	17	22	20
Urban areas	<b>Total Poor</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>34</b>
	Extremely Poor	49	45	60	56	53	20
	Moderately Poor	44	56	44	36	34	14
	Non-Poor	14	14	16	20	18	66
Provinces							
1. Central	<b>Total Poor</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>72</b>
	Extremely Poor	57	69	70	63	63	59
	Moderately Poor	13	8	14	14	12	13
	Non-Poor	31	23	16	23	24	28
2. Copperbelt	<b>Total Poor</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>42</b>
	Extremely Poor	51	61	52	47	38	27
	Moderately Poor	14	13	13	18	18	15
	Non-Poor	35	25	36	35	44	58
3. Eastern	<b>Total Poor</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>79</b>
	Extremely Poor	75	87	77	66	57	65
	Moderately Poor	6	4	8	13	13	14
	Non-Poor	19	9	15	21	30	21
4. Luapula	<b>Total Poor</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>73</b>
	Extremely Poor	65	81	77	69	64	61
	Moderately Poor	8	8	10	13	15	12
	Non-Poor	27	11	13	18	21	27
5. Lusaka	<b>Total Poor</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>29</b>
	Extremely Poor	29	55	41	35	29	16
	Moderately Poor	13	11	17	18	19	12
	Non-Poor	57	34	42	47	52	71
6. Northern	<b>Total Poor</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>78</b>
	Extremely Poor	79	87	76	66	60	64
	Moderately Poor	8	4	11	15	14	14
	Non-Poor	14	9	13	19	26	21
7. North-western	<b>Total Poor</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>72</b>
	Extremely Poor	74	90	80	64	61	57
	Moderately Poor	7	5	10	13	15	15
	Non-Poor	18	5	10	23	24	28
8. Southern	<b>Total Poor</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>73</b>
	Extremely Poor	66	86	73	59	54	58
	Moderately Poor	11	5	10	16	14	16
	Non-Poor	22	9	17	25	31	27
9. Western	<b>Total Poor</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>84</b>
	Extremely Poor	54	54	54	54	73	73
	Moderately Poor	14	14	14	14	10	10
	Non-Poor	31	31	31	31	17	16

Source: CSO, Living Conditions Monitoring Survey, 1991, 1993, 1996, 1998, 2004 and 2006

Note: (\*)Provisional

## INFLATION TRENDS 2000-2008

Year	Year on Year Inflation
1990	110.6
1991	99.7
1992	180.7
1993	128.1
1994	38.3
1995	46.0
1996	35.2
1997	18.6
1998	30.6
1999	20.6
2000	30.1
2001	18.7
2002	26.7
2003	17.2
2004	17.5
2005	15.9
2006	8.2
2007	8.9
2008	16.6

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics

## HEALTH STATISTICS

Residence/Province	Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Live Births)				Under-Five Mortality (Per 1000 Live Births)				Maternal Mortality Ratio (Per 100,000 Live Births)				HIV Prevalence			
	1992	1996	2001/2002	2007	1992	1996	2001/2002	2007	1992	1996	2001/2002	2007	1992	1996	2001/2002	2007*
Zambia	107.2	108.9	95.0	70	190.7	196.6	168	-	-	649	729	649	-	-	15.6	14.3
Rural	115.8	117.9	103	-	201.2	204.5	182	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.8	10.3
Urban	78.0	91.9	77	-	150.8	173.3	140	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23.1	19.7
<b>PROVINCE</b>																
Central	114.1	94.6	92	-	210.0	164.5	192	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15.3	17.5
Copperbelt	68.9	81.9	68	-	144.2	175.4	134	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19.9	17.0
Eastern	114.1	131.1	84	-	210.0	235.4	166	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13.7	10.3
Luapula	148.5	157.8	154	-	244.4	254.2	248	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.2	13.2
Lusaka	76.8	100.3	70	-	140.8	174.1	137	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22.0	20.8
Northern	148.5	125.3	113	-	244.4	200.2	187	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.3	6.8
North-western	132.0	91.1	74	-	210.3	153.0	130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.2	6.9
Southern	70.5	66.2	76	-	134.2	148.3	148	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.6	14.5
Western	132.0	129.1	139	-	210.3	201.2	201	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13.1	15.2

Source: CSO, ZDHS 1992, 1996, 2001/2002 AND 2007

Note: \*Preliminary

: The 1996 ZDHS Survey did not have a component for HIV testing

## ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENT POLICE REPORTS, 2006 TO 2007

POLICE DIVISION/PROVINCE	NUMBER OF ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS			NUMBER OF PERSONS KILLED			NUMBER OF PERSONS SERIOUSLY INJURED			NUMBER OF PERSONS SLIGHTLY INJURED			ADMISSION OF GUILTY RAISED (kwacha)	
	2006	2007	% CHANGE	2006	2007	% CHANGE	2006	2007	% CHANGE	2006	2007	% CHANGE	2006	2007
CENTRAL	1,047	1,382	32	191	158	(17)	520	548	5	376	269	(28)	214,433,570	274,002,608
COPPERBELT	4,105	5,400	32	265	301	14	1,031	1,300	26	1,250	1,664	33	1,888,762,000	2,907,262,000
EASTERN	632	693	10	79	85	8	159	129	(19)	140	207	48	287,050,916	359,249,000
LUAPULA	185	190	3	54	51	(6)	166	203	22	17	41	141	212,895,100	332,581,000
LUSAKA	10,513	10,889	4	335	413	23	938	915	(2)	2,177	2,158	(1)	1,569,921,500	1,695,469,000
N/WESTERN	549	735	34	32	56	75	185	223	21	126	229	82	77,666,000	203,912,000
NOTHERN	443	569	28	89	71	(20)	366	391	7	131	217	66	208,817,000	248,637,500
SOUTHERN	1,279	1,431	12	100	105	5	407	290	(29)	234	160	(32)	958,622,500	1,106,798,000
WESTERN	342	401	17	25	26	4	191	182	(5)	127	132	4	130,000,000	187,608,500
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>19,095</b>	<b>21,690</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>1,170</b>	<b>1,266</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3,963</b>	<b>4,181</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>4,578</b>	<b>5,077</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>5,548,168,586</b>	<b>7,315,519,608</b>

Source: Zambia police, road traffic section

## ZAMBIA'S ANNUAL TOTAL EXPORTS IN ABSOLUTE ZAMBIA KWACHA AND US DOLLAR 2000 – 2008\*

Flow YEAR	TOTAL EXPORTS	
	ZMK	USD
2000	2,716,557,648,136	869,485,416
2001	3,537,206,913,419	978,788,277
2002	4,069,916,925,012	944,356,533
2003	4,642,039,643,203	979,298,782
2004	7,526,280,115,612	1,577,240,766
2005	9,612,909,460,871	2,176,641,598
2006	13,410,945,234,225	3,681,524,702
2007	18,399,133,746,013	4,617,454,325
2008*	18,608,106,980,612	5,088,822,084
<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>82,523,096,667,103</b>	<b>20,913,612,483</b>

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009

Note: (\*) Provisional

Note: 2000 – 2007 extracted using Special Trade System while 2008 extracted using General Trade System

## ZAMBIA'S ANNUAL IMPORTS IN ABSOLUTE ZAMBIA KWACHA AND US DOLLAR 2000 – 2008\*

Flow YEAR	IMPORTS	
	ZMK	USD
2000	2,751,563,199,592	871,386,492
2001	3,900,496,869,495	1,079,955,769
2002	4,732,881,915,324	1,103,070,912
2003	7,439,867,256,553	1,573,309,968
2004	10,279,302,826,391	2,150,649,040
2005	11,466,668,652,907	2,579,688,391
2006	11,049,770,813,126	3,023,996,472
2007	15,945,289,847,742	4,006,980,387
2008*	18,476,489,239,723	5,060,482,666
<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>86,042,330,620,853</b>	<b>21,449,520,097</b>

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009

Note: (\*) Provisional

Note: 2000 - 2007 extracted using Special Trade System while 2008 extracted using General Trade System

## *Surveys/Activities being undertaken*

- ☞ 2007 Economic Census
- ☞ 2010 Cartographic Mapping
- ☞ 2008 Labour-force Survey
- ☞ 2008/9 Zambia Sexual Behaviour Survey (ZSBS)

### *Now Available*

- ☞ Employment and Earnings Inquiry Report, January 2006
- ☞ National Accounts Statistics Bulletin No.9 2005
- ☞ Selected Socio-Economic Indicators, 2004 - 2005
- ☞ Labour-Force Survey Report, 2005
- ☞ Child Labour Report, 2005
- ☞ Gender Based Violence (GBV), 2005
- ☞ 2007 Zambia Demographic and Health Survey (ZDHS)

### *Soon to be released!*

- ☞ Living Conditions Monitoring Survey Report, 2006

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